

The land of morning calm

Similarities
between South
Korea and
Kazakhstan

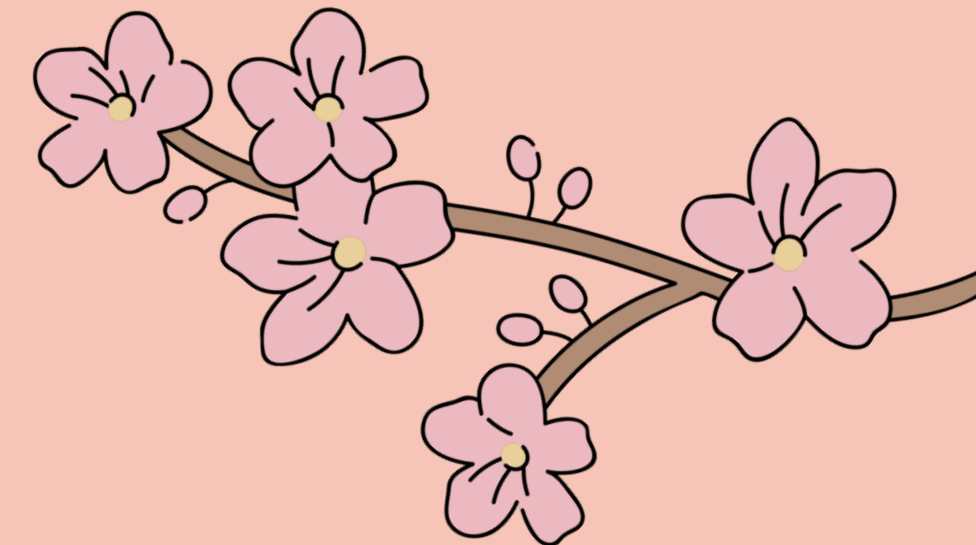


**Presented by Mary
Radzhabova and
Mukhtarova Nazerke**



Why South Korea has nickname "The land of morning calm"

South Korea is nicknamed "the land of morning calm". It is a place of great natural beauty, featuring stunning mountains, clear waters and serene countryside. Indeed, its tranquil scenery has led to Korea being traditionally known as the "Land of Morning Calm."



Introduction

"If we look at the history of the 20th and 21st centuries, we can confidently say that the Kazakhs and Koreans have become fraternal peoples.



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CANVA STORIES

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History

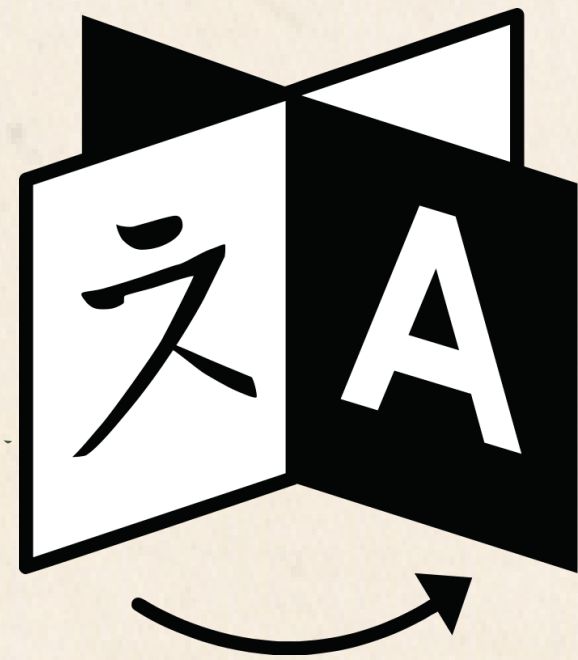
Historical proximity of the Korean people with the Altai region



Most historians believe that 3-4 thousand years ago, part of the Koreans lived in the Altai region. Many people think that relations between Korea and Kazakhstan were established through Koreans who were forcibly resettled in Central Asia 70 years ago, but in fact, relations between the two peoples began much earlier.



Language



- There is a hypothesis that the Korean and Kazakh languages have a common root, that is, both are from the Altaic language family. According to linguists, about 300 words in Korean and Kazakh are very similar.



- We in Korea:
Kazakh and
Korean cultures
are very similar:

HERE, TOO, THEY VALUE THE INSTITUTION OF THE FAMILY AND TREAT THEIR ELDERS WITH GREAT RESPECT. KOREANS CELEBRATE ALL HOLIDAYS WITH THEIR FAMILIES.

IN KOREA, THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MOTHER-IN-LAW AND DAUGHTER-IN-LAW IS VERY SIMILAR TO OURS. EVEN IF YOU DON'T LIVE TOGETHER, YOU ALWAYS COME AND HELP YOUR PARENTS, SO IT WASN'T DIFFICULT TO JOIN A KOREAN FAMILY.





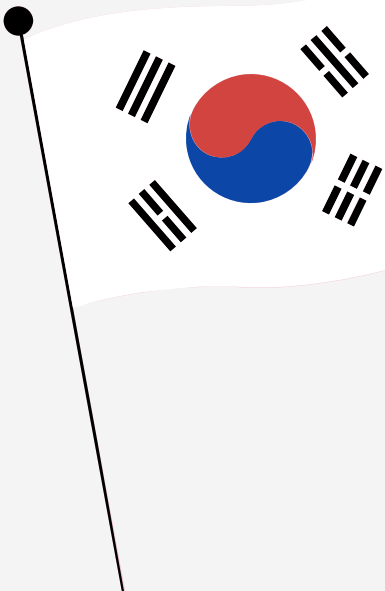
• Choosing Your Destiny

•- IN KOREA :

A CHILD'S FIRST BIRTHDAY IS CONSIDERED A MOMENTOUS OCCASION IN KOREA. IN THE PAST, DISEASE AND FAMINE TOOK SO MANY LIVES THAT SURVIVING THE FIRST YEAR OF LIFE WAS AN IMPORTANT TASK. THEREFORE, THE CELEBRATION OF THE FIRST BIRTHDAY IS LAVISH AND NOT BORING. THE HIGHLIGHT OF THE EVENTS, HOWEVER, IS A FORTUNE-TELLING RITUAL CALLED DOJABI. VARIOUS OBJECTS SUCH AS BOOKS, BRUSHES, PIGGY BANKS, ETC. ARE PLACED IN FRONT OF THE CHILD. THE CHILD IS THEN ASKED TO TAKE ANY OF THE OBJECTS. IT IS BELIEVED TO PREDICT THE FUTURE. IF THE CHILD CHOOSES A BOOK, HE OR SHE WILL BE SMART, MONEY - RICH. CHOOSING A MICROPHONE MAY INDICATE A SUCCESSFUL CAREER IN THE PERFORMING ARTS, AND A STETHOSCOPE PREDICTS A DOCTOR'S FUTURE. THE TYPES OF ITEMS A CHILD CAN CHOOSE FROM HAVE CHANGED OVER TIME ALONG WITH THE DEVELOPMENT OF SOCIETY.

IN KAZAKHSTAN:

AFTER THE "TUSAU KESER" CEREMONY, THERE IS EXACTLY THE SAME RITUAL.



-New Year

In Korea :

In the Land of Morning Freshness, New Year is considered the beginning of spring, so other names for Sollal are "head of the year," "first morning," "first month," and "first day. For Koreans, the New Year marks the beginning of a new cycle and a new page in life. The celebration falls on the first month of the lunar calendar, the first new moon after the winter solstice, and refers to the transitional holidays.

Sollal is tied to the date of the winter solstice, so in different years it is celebrated on different dates. To find out the exact day, you must check the lunar calendar. The Korean New Year always falls at the end of January or beginning of February.



In Kazakhstan :

In Kazakhstan the spring presses the winter and fully enters into the rights on March 21 - exactly on this special day the bright holiday Nauryz is celebrated, which marks not only the vernal equinox, but also the renewal of nature. Nauryz in Kazakhstan symbolizes fertility, friendship and love. On this day people dress up smartly, visit their relatives and close ones and don't stop wishing them well. For the Eastern peoples Nauryz is the same as the New Year, because both holidays are considered as the heralds of new life. The holiday Nauryz in Persian means nothing else than "a new day".

- Links:

1. <https://www.commisceo-global.com/resources/country-guides/south-korea-guide>;
2. <https://visitkazakhstan.kz/en/about/145/>;
3. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Korean_New_Year;
4. https://www.kondor-tour.kz/kaz_kore_saram;
5. <http://koreamuseum.ru/main/17-hanguko.html>

Thank you for attention!

